M1.(a) $CaCO_3 + 2HCl \rightarrow CaCl_2 + H_2O + CO_2$

2

*allow **1** mark for correct formulae*

(b) sensible scales, using at least half the grid for the points

1

all points correct

± ½ small square

*allow **1** mark if 8 or 9 of the points are correct*

2

best fit line

1

(c) steeper line to left of original

1

line finishes at same overall volume of gas collected

1

(d) acid particles used up

allow marble / reactant used up

1

so concentration decreases

allow surface area of marble decreases

1

so less frequent collisions / fewer collisions per second

*do **not** accept fewer collisions unqualified*

1

so rate decreases / reaction slows down

1

(e) mass lost of 2.2 (g)

1

time taken of
270 s

allow values in range 265 − 270

1

$$\frac{2.2}{270} = 0.00814814$$

allow ecf for values given for mass and time

1

0.00815 (g / s)

or

8.15×10^{-3}

*allow **1** mark for correct calculation of value to 3 sig figs*
*accept 0.00815 or 8.15×10^{-3} with no working shown for **4** marks*

1

(f) correct tangent

1

eg 0.35 / 50

1

0.007

allow values in range of 0.0065 − 0.0075

1

7×10^{-3}

1

*accept 7×10^{-3} with no working shown for **4** marks*

[20]

M2.(a) (s) (aq) (aq) (g)

must be in this order

2 *marks if all four correct*

1 *mark if 2 or 3 correct*

2

(b) (i) 55

ignore units

1

(ii) 54

allow ecf from ***(b)(i)***

1

(iii) 0.92

correct answer with or without working gains ***2*** *marks*

ecf from volume in ***(b)(i)***

accept 2 d.p. up to calculator value

if answer incorrect, allow rate = (b)(i) / 60 for ***1*** *mark*

2

(c) (i) circle round point at (48,22)

1

(ii) problem (1) and explanation (1)

explanation ***must*** *give lower volume of gas or slower reaction*

ignore human error unless qualified

problem with bung

e.g. bung not placed in firmly / quickly enough

so gas lost

or

problem with reagent

e.g. acid was diluted **or** acid not replaced

so reaction slower

or

problem with temperature

e.g. temperature was lower than recorded temperature

so reaction slower

or

problem with measurement

e.g. length of magnesium less than 8 cm **or** timed for less than a minute

so less gas produced

2

(d) repeat the experiment (several times)

1

because anomalous results could be excluded

1

and then the mean can be determined / calculated

*accept suggestion of alteration to method, which is explained as to why it would reduce the error, for **3** marks (e.g. place the magnesium in a container within the flask (1) so it can be tipped into the acid once the bung is in place (1). This will prevent anomalous results or gas loss (1))*

ignore idea of more accurate gas syringe
ignore shorter time intervals

1

(e) (i) use clean magnesium **or** use magnesium without oxide coating

1

compare results

1

(ii) **either**

measure the temperature of the acid before (adding magnesium)

1

and after adding magnesium

or

place the conical flask in a water bath (at 40 °C) (1)

compare results (1)

1

[16]

M3. (a) 118

1

(b) it loses / transfers electrons

it = Au / gold atom

1

three electrons

*sharing / covalency = max **1** mark*

1

(c) (i) O_2

1

2 CO and **2** CO_2

or

correct balancing of equation from O

accept correct multiples / fractions throughout

1

(ii) *reference to incorrect bonding = **1** mark max*

because carbon dioxide is simple molecular / small molecules

1

there are *intermolecular* forces (between the molecules)

allow intermolecular bonds

1

so a small amount of energy needed (to separate molecules) **or** (*intermolecular forces*) are weak

1

(d) any **three** from:

- gold is the only catalyst for some reactions
- catalysts are not used up
- improves speed of reaction

  reduces amount of energy **or** process needs low(er) temperature

  *if no mark awarded, allow catalyst reduce costs (of the process) for **1** mark*

- only small quantities (of catalyst) needed

3

[11]

M4. (a) same number of (gaseous) molecules / moles / volume on both sides of the equation

allow particles for molecules

*do **not** accept atoms*

ignore amount

1

(b) (forward) reaction is exothermic

accept reverse answer

1

(c) any **three** from:

- particles gain energy
- particles move faster

  allow particles collide faster / quicker

  ignore move more / vibrate more
- particles collide more **or** more collisions
- more of the collisions are successful **or**
  more of the particles have the activation energy **or**
  particles collide with more force / energy

3

(d) any **two** from:

- more product (obtained in shorter time)

  accept better yield (of product)
- less fuel needed

  accept less energy / heat / electricity needed

  or

  lower fuel costs

  ignore cheaper unqualified
- less pollution caused by burning fuels

or

less specified type of pollution caused by producing heat / burning fuels

*allow correct specified pollutants caused by burning fossil fuels eg CO_2 / greenhouse gases **or** correct effect of burning fossil fuels eg global warming*

accept thermal / heat pollution

- using less fuel conserves resources

  accept sustainable

  accept fossil fuels are non-renewable

2

[7]